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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/636,113 08/07/2003		Anne Mae Gaffney	A01229A	1580	
21898 7	7590 12/14/2004	EXAMINER			
ROHM AND HAAS COMPANY			SAEED, KAMAL A		
PATENT DEP 100 INDEPEN	'ARTMENT IDENCE MALL WEST	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	HIA, PA 19106-2399		1626	-	
			DATE MAIL ED: 12/14/200	DATE MAIL ED: 12/14/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		Appi	ication No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/6	36,113	GAFFNEY ET AL.			
		Exar	niner	Art Unit	A		
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Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears o	on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	5		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUN nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common price of the provision of the pro	ICATION. of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In nunication. IO) days, a reply within the atutory period will apply will, by statute, cause the statute.	no event, however, may a in the statutory minimum of thin and will expire SIX (6) MON the application to become AB	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communi 3ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.		
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on .					
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2b) ☐ This action	n is non-final.				
, -	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5) 6) 7)	Claim(s) 1-12 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/a Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) 1-12 are subject to restriction	re withdrawn fron					
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)[The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.					
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted	or b) objected to	by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any obje			, ,			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including The oath or declaration is objected to		· -	•	` '		
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation	documents have documents have of the priority doo nal Bureau (PCT	been received. been received in Acuments have been Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	e		
Attachmen	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	(FO 048)		ummary (PTO-413)			
3) 🔲 Infor	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or r No(s)/Mail Date			y/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·			

Art Unit: 1626

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-12 are currently pending in this application.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- Claim 1, is drawn to a process of producing an improved catalyst, classified in classes 502 and several subclasses.
- II. Claim 2, is drawn to a process of producing an improved catalyst, classified in classes 502 and several subclasses.
- III. Claim 3, is drawn to a process of producing an improved catalyst, classified in classes 502 and several subclasses.
- IV. Claim 4, is drawn to a catalyst produced by process of claim 1, classified in class502, and several subclasses.
- V. Claim 5, is drawn to a catalyst produced by process of claim 2, classified in class502, and several subclasses.
- VI. Claim 6, is drawn to a catalyst produced by process of claim 3, classified in class 502, and several subclasses.
- VII. Claim 7, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated carboxylic acid compounds using a catalyst produced in claim 1, classified in class 562, and several subclasses.
- VIII. Claim 8, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated carboxylic acid compounds using a catalyst produced in claim 2, classified in class 562, and several subclasses.

Art Unit: 1626

- IX. Claim 9, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated carboxylic acid compounds using a catalyst produced in claim 3, classified in class 562, and several subclasses.
- X. Claim 10, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated nitriles compounds, using a catalyst produced in claim 1, classified in class 558, and several subclasses.
- XI. Claim 11, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated nitriles compounds, using a catalyst produced in claim 2, classified in class 558, and several subclasses.
- XII. Claim 12, is drawn to a process for preparing unsaturated nitriles compounds, using a catalyst produced in claim 3, classified in class 558, and several subclasses.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

The inventions of Group IV & I; II & V; and Groups III & VI are related as a process of preparing a catalyst and a catalyst made. "Even though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777 F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985). Also see M.P.E.P. 2113.

The inventions of Group IV-VI are directed to catalysts prepared by different processes, each process requiring different steps.

Art Unit: 1626

The inventions of Group XII-IX and X-XII are distinct processes for preparing two distinct products that are classified in different classes and subclasses. Each process is different from the other, because they differ in structure and/or element so as to be patentably distinct and a prior art reference anticipating but one of the groups would not render obvious the other groups under 35 U.S.C. 103.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper. Additionally, besides performing a class/subclass search, the examiner performs a commercial data base search and an automated patent system (text) search. Moreover, to not restrict would impose a burden in the examination of this application.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Advisory of Rejoinder

The following is a recitation of M.P.E.P. 821.04, Rejoinder:

Where product and process claims drawn to independent and distinct inventions are presented in the same application, applicant may be called upon under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect claims to either the product or process. See MPEP § 806.05(f) and § 806.05(h). The claims to the nonelected invention will be withdrawn from further consideration under 37 CFR 1.142. See MPEP § 809.02(c) and § 821 through § 821.03. However, if applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims which depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined.

Where the application as originally filed discloses the product and the process for making and/or using the product, and only claims directed to the product are presented for examination, when a product claim is found allowable, applicant may present claims directed to the process of making and/or using the

Art Unit: 1626

patentable product by way of amendment pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121. In view of the rejoinder procedure, and in order to expedite prosecution, applicants are encouraged to present such process claims, preferably as dependent claims, in the application at an early stage of prosecution. Process claims which depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116. Process claims which do not depend from or otherwise include the limitations of the patentable product will be withdrawn from consideration, via an election by original presentation (see MPEP § 821.03). Amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312. Process claims which depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed product claim and which meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112 may be entered.

Where product and process claims are presented in a single application and that application qualifies under the transitional restriction practice pursuant to 37 CFR 1.129(b), applicant may either: (A) elect the invention to be searched and examined and pay the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(s) and have the additional inventions searched and examined under 37 CFR 1.129(b)(2); or (B) elect the invention to be searched and examined and not pay the additional fee (37 CFR 1.129(b)(3)). Where no additional fee is paid, if the elected invention is directed to the product and the claims directed to the product are subsequently found patentable, process claims which either depend from or include all the limitations of the allowable product will be rejoined. If applicant chooses to pay the fees to have the additional inventions searched and examined pursuant to 37 CFR 1.129(b)(2) even if the product is found allowable, applicant would not be entitled to a refund of the fees paid under 37 CFR 1.129(b) by arguing that the process claims could have been rejoined. 37 CFR 1.26(a) states that "[T]he Commissioner may refund any fee paid by mistake or in excess of that required. A change of purpose after the payment of a fee...will not entitle a party to a refund of such fee..." In this case, the fees paid under 37 CFR 1.129(b) were not paid by mistake nor paid in excess, therefore, applicant would not be entitled to a refund. In the event of rejoinder, the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101,102, 103, and 112. If the application containing the rejoined claims is not in condition for allowance, the subsequent Office action may be made final, or, if the application was already under final rejection, the next Office action may be an advisory action. Form paragraphs 8.42 through 8.44 should be used to notify applicant of the rejoinder of process claims which depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowable product claim.

In the event of rejoinder, the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104 - 1.106. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. If the application containing the rejoined claims is not in condition for allowance, the subsequent Office action may be made final, or, if the application was already under final rejection, the next Office action may be an advisory action.

The following is a recitation from paragraph five, "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of *In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer* and 35 U.S.C. §103(b)" (1184 TMOG 86(March 26, 1996)):

"However, in the case of an elected product claim, rejoinder will be permitted when a product claim is found allowable and the withdrawn process claim depends from or otherwise includes all the limitations of an allowed product claim. Withdrawn process claims not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined." (emphasis added)

Therefore, in accordance with M.P.EP 821.04 and In re Ochiai, 71 F.3d 1565, 37 USPQ 1127 (Fed. Cir. 1995), rejoinder of product claims with process claims commensurate in scope with the allowed product claims will occur following a finding that the product claims are

Art Unit: 1626

allowable. Until, such time, a restriction between product claims and process claims is deemed proper. Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to maintain either dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder.

A telephone call was made to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Telephone Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kamal A Saeed whose telephone number is (571) 272-0705. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00 AM- 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Joseph K. McKane, can be reached at (571) 272-0699.

Communication via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signiture, may be used by applicant and should be addressed to [joseph.mckane@uspto.gov]. All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file. PTO employees will not communicate with applicant via Internet e-mail where sensitive data will be exchanged or where there exists a possibility that sensitive data could be identified unless there is of record an express waiver of the confidentiality

Art Unit: 1626

Page 7

requirements under 35 U.S.C. 122 by the applicant. See the Interim Internet Usage Policy published by the Patent and Trademark Office Official Gazette on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist, whose telephone number is (703) 308-2286.

Kamal Saced, Ph.D

Patent Examiner AU 1626